



## AIA PAM – Growth Fund

### Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide returns through capital growth.

### Investment Strategy

The Fund will invest in equities with a bias towards equities with potential for growth. The Fund will invest in local and foreign markets. The Fund will also invest at least 10% of its NAV in local fixed income instruments with a minimum credit rating of “BBB3” or “P2” by RAM or equivalent rating by MARC.

### Fund Details

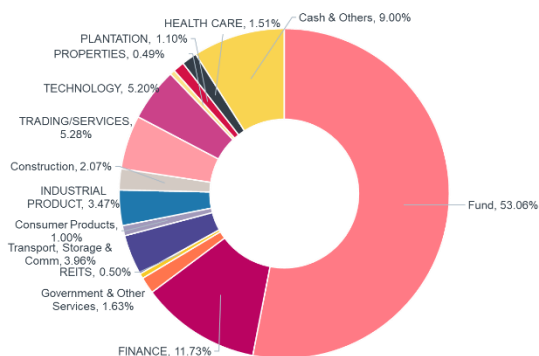
Unit NAV (30 November 2021)	: RM 1.4824
Fund Size (30 November 2021)	: RM 339.91 million
Fund Currency	: Ringgit Malaysia
Fund Launch	: May 16, 2013
Fund Inception	: Jun 05, 2013
Fund Management Charge	: up to 1.50% p.a
Investment Manager	: AIA Pension and Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.
Basis of Unit Valuation	: Net Asset Value (NAV)
Frequency of Unit Valuation	: Daily
Benchmark	: 30% FBMT 100 Index + 20% MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index + 20% Quant Shop MGS All Bond Index + 30% MSCI World Index

\*Note: Change of benchmark with effect from 23 February 2021 due to the revised asset allocation as stated in the 2<sup>nd</sup> replacement disclosure document dated 23 Feb 2021.

### Top Five Holding

1.	Schroder Glob Sust Grth-CA	25.58%
2.	FIDELITY FDS-ASIA P OP-I USD	17.40%
3.	FIDELITY FDS-GL FOCUS-IAUSD	7.53%
4.	Schroder In Asia P XJP E-CAC	2.55%
5.	Genting Capital IMTN 4.42% 8.06.22	1.83%

### Sector Allocation



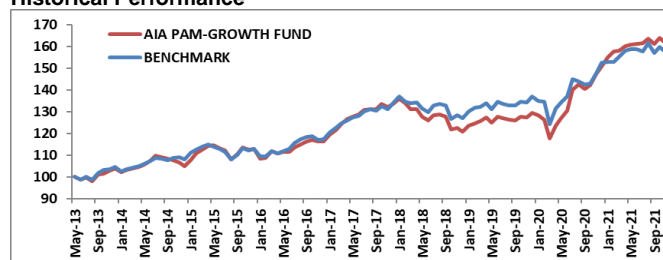
### Risk

General investment risks involve market risk, fund manager risk, inflation risk and liquidity risk. Specific risks of the Fund involve credit/default risk, interest rate risk, particular security risk, country risk and currency risk.

### Risk Management

Investment Manager aims to reduce investment risks through structured and disciplined investment process, rigorous and disciplined credit research and analysis, portfolio diversification and strict and frequent stock evaluation to minimize company specific risk.

### Historical Performance



%	1 Mth	1-Year	^3-Year	^5-Year	^Since Inception
Fund	-1.46%	9.56%	31.87%	39.10%	61.53%
Index	-1.53%	6.56%	22.52%	34.56%	57.18%
Excess	0.07%	3.01%	9.35%	4.54%	4.35%

Source: AIA Pension and Asset Management Sdn. Bhd., Bloomberg at 30 November 2021  
^ Cumulative returns. The performance is calculated on NAV-to-NAV basis.

\*Note: Change of performance reporting method from annualised to cumulative returns with effect from July 2020 to provide better clarity and follow common practice by industry players.

### Market Review

Malaysian Government Securities (“MGS”) rallied across the curve as sentiment turned risk-off following the emergence of the new coronavirus Omicron variant in South Africa. During the month, Bank Negara Malaysia (“BNM”) decided to keep the Overnight Policy Rate (“OPR”) at 1.75% at its last Monetary Policy Committee (“MPC”) meeting of the year. On the currency front, MYR weakened by 1.66% against the greenback to close the month at MYR4.2105. Foreign inflows accelerated in Oct to MYR2.9 billion (Sept 2021: +MYR0.6 billion) as foreign funds bought on the dips during the sell-off.

The FBM100 Index declined by 3.8% Month-on-Month (“MoM”) and underperformed the MSCI Asia Ex Japan Index and MSCI World, which declined by 2.2% in Malaysian ringgit (“MYR”) terms over the same period. In November 2021, foreign investors were net buyers of MYR0.1 billion of Malaysian equities.

Global equities also closed lower as investors jostled with forecasts of earlier than anticipated Fed tightening, coupled with concerns of ramping inflation and slowing growth on reopening worries on the new Omicron Covid-19 variant. By sector, technology was the only sector recording positive returns in November, while Consumer Discretionary, Energy and Financial were the biggest laggards.

### Market Outlook

Given the two-speed recovery in the developed markets and emerging markets, we expect the former to lead in terms of policy tightening. Bank Negara Malaysia’s policy measures should remain accommodative in the near term and the domestic financial system liquidity remains ample, which shall remain supportive of the bond market.

As for equity, investors are currently watching the macro data closely to gauge the strength of inflationary pressure and the timing of a QE tapering. Investors will continue monitoring the Covid-19 situation following the recent resurgence in positive cases and the emergence of Omicron. That said, equities remain the preferred asset class given the expectation of bond yield resuming its upwards trend upon US Fed tapering in 2022. We prefer developed markets over emerging markets for now.

This fund fact sheet has not been reviewed by the Securities Commission Malaysia (“SC”) and Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia (“FIMM”). The SC and FIMM are not liable for this fund fact sheet and are not in any way associated with this fund fact sheet. The SC and FIMM are not responsible for the contents herein and do not make any representation on the accuracy or completeness of this fund fact sheet, either in whole or in part. A copy of the Second Replacement Disclosure Document dated 23 February 2021 (“Disclosure Document”) and the Product Highlights Sheet (“PHS”) have been registered and lodged with the SC. The registration of the Disclosure Document and lodgement of the PHS to the SC do not amount to nor indicate that the SC has recommended or endorsed the Private Retirement Scheme (“PRS”). A PHS highlighting the key features and risks of the PRS is available and investors have the right to request for a PHS. Investors are advised to obtain, read and understand the Disclosure Document and the PHS before making a contribution. We suggest that you compare and consider the fees, charges and costs involved prior to making a contribution. The Disclosure Document and the PHS can be obtained from our office, our authorised distributors, consultants or representatives. Any issue of units to which the Disclosure Document relates will only be made on receipt of an application form referred to and accompanying with a copy of the Disclosure Document. The price of units and distributions payable, if any, may go down as well as up. The past performance of the PRS should not be taken as an indication of its future performance. Specific risks and general risks for the PRS are elaborated in the Disclosure Document. Investors are advised to understand the risks involved in the PRS and make your own risk assessment and seek professional advice, where necessary.