



AIA PAM – Growth Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide maximize returns through capital growth.

Investment Strategy

The Fund will invest in local and foreign equities with a bias towards equities with potential for growth. The Fund will also invest at least 30% of its NAV in local fixed income instruments with a minimum credit rating of “BBB3” or “P2” by RAM or equivalent rating by MARC.

Fund Details

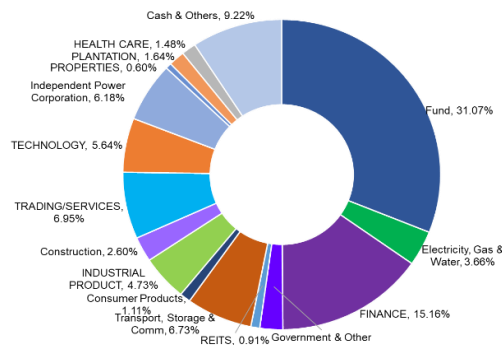
Unit NAV (30 November 2020) : RM 1.3753
 Fund Size (30 November 2020) : RM 245.69 million
 Fund Currency : Ringgit Malaysia
 Fund Launch : May 16, 2013
 Fund Inception : Jun 05, 2013
 Fund Management Charge : up to 1.50% p.a
 Investment Manager : AIA Pension and Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.

Basis of Unit Valuation : Net Asset Value (NAV)
 Frequency of Unit Valuation : Daily
 Benchmark : 30% FBMT 100 Index + 30% MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index + 40% Quant Shop MGS All Bond Index

Top Five Holding

1.	FIDELITY FDS-ASIA P OP-I USD	18.11%
2.	Schroder In Asia P XJP E-CAC	9.70%
3.	Public Islamic Bank Bhd 08/08/22	4.25%
4.	iShares MSCI Asia ex-Japan ETF	3.27%
5.	GENTMK 4.42 06/08/22	2.57%

Sector Allocation



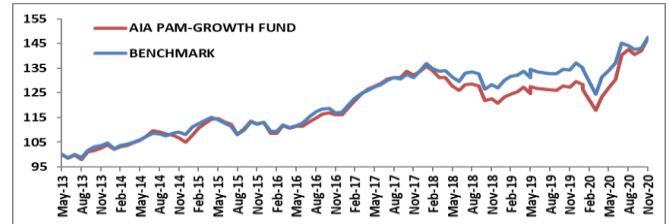
Risk

General investment risks such as market risk, fund manager risk, inflation risk and liquidity risk. Specific risks of the Fund involve credit/default risk, interest rate risk, particular security risk, country risk and currency risk.

Risk Management

Investment Manager aims to reduce investment risks through structured and disciplined investment process, rigorous and disciplined credit research and analysis, portfolio diversification and strict and frequent stock evaluation to minimize company specific risk.

Historical Performance



%	1 Mth	1-Year	^3-Year	^5-Year	^Since Inception
Fund	3.81%	15.89%	11.45%	31.17%	47.43%
Index	3.19%	9.94%	12.42%	31.53%	47.50%
Excess	0.63%	5.96%	-0.97%	-0.37%	-0.07%

Source: AIA Pension and Asset Management Sdn. Bhd., Bloomberg at 30 November 2020
 ^ Cumulative returns. The performance is calculated on NAV-to-NAV basis.

*Note: Change of performance reporting method from annualised to cumulative returns with effect from July 2020 to provide better clarity and follow common practice by industry players.

Market Review

Malaysian Government Securities saw selling pressure across the curve in Nov 2020 following weaker demands at the reopening government securities auctions coupled with political uncertainties during the tabling of Malaysia Budget 2021. During the month, Bank Negara Malaysia's decided to keep the Overnight Policy Rate at 1.75% at its last Monetary Policy Committee meeting of the year. MYR strengthened by 2.01% against the greenback to close the month at MYR4.0738.

The FBM100 advanced by 6.4% Month-on-Month on 30 November 2020. The local Index outperformed the MSCI Asia Ex Japan Index, which rose by 5.9% MoM in MYR terms over the same period. Foreigners were net sellers of the local market with a net outflow of USD270 million in November 2020, bringing total foreign outflow to USD5.7 billion YTD. The MSCI World Index rallied strongly in November and outperformed the MSCI Asia ex Japan Index, which posted a more moderate gain during the month. Globally, risk assets saw a remarkable rally, supported by positive news flow around potential vaccines and a favourable US election result where Joe Biden won the presidency race. Within Asia, ASEAN markets were the biggest winners, bolstered by maximum re-rating potential around a travel and tourism recovery.

Market Outlook

Going into 2021, global central banks are expected to remain largely accommodative in the monetary policy space while fiscal policy will remain expansionary in support of growth. As we reached the bottom of the monetary policy easing cycle, the timing of monetary policy tightening will be highly dependent on the growth trajectory, availability of vaccines and demand-pull inflation outlook. Nevertheless, we view that BNM's measures should remain supportive to the local economy in the near term with the local bond market continue to be supported by ample onshore liquidity; though a knee-jerk market reaction is not ruled out should there be sovereign rating actions or FTSE Russell's decision to reduce or exclude domestic government bonds from the World Government Bond Index in Mar 2021.

We remain cautiously optimistic on selected sectors with high degree of earnings visibility or sectors that are expected to benefit from a rapid recovery in tandem with the gradual reopening of the economy. Unprecedented fiscal and monetary stimulus rolled out across the world have provided some support to the general health of the economy, although we are cognizant that the swift rebound in financial markets may have also priced in a rapid pace of recovery that is far from guaranteed.

This fund fact sheet has not been reviewed by the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") and Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia ("FIMM"). The SC and FIMM are not liable for this fund fact sheet and are not in any way associated with this fund fact sheet. The SC and FIMM are not responsible for the contents herein and do not make any representation on the accuracy or completeness of this fund fact sheet, either in whole or in part. A copy of the Replacement Disclosure Document dated 9 December 2016, its First Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 26 January 2018, Second Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 11 May 2018, Third Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 30 July 2018, Fourth Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 19 October 2018, Fifth Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 18 January 2019, Sixth Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 15 April 2019, Seventh Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 24 August 2019 and Eighth Supplemental Replacement Disclosure Document dated 14 February 2020 (collectively referred to as the "Disclosure Document") and the Product Highlights Sheet ("PHS") have been registered and lodged with the SC. The registration of the Disclosure Document and lodgement of the PHS to the SC does not amount to nor indicate that the SC has recommended or endorsed the Private Retirement Scheme ("PRS"). A PHS highlighting the key features and risks of the PRS is available and investors have the right to request for a PHS. Investors are advised to obtain, read and understand the Disclosure Document and the PHS before making a contribution. We suggest that you compare and consider the fees, charges and costs involved prior to making a contribution. The Disclosure Document and the PHS can be obtained from our office, our authorised distributors, consultants or representatives. Any issue of units to which the Disclosure Document relates will only be made on receipt of an application form referred to and accompanying with a copy of the Disclosure Document. The price of units and distributions payable, if any, may go down as well as up. The past performance of the PRS should not be taken as an indicative of its future performance. Specific risks and general risks for the PRS is elaborated in the Disclosure Document. Investors are advised to understand the risks involved in the PRS and make your own risk assessment and seek professional advice, where necessary.