

November 2021

AIA PAM – Global Islamic Growth Fund

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks to provide returns through capital growth by investing in Shariah-compliant securities predominantly in the global markets

Investment Strategy

The Fund will invest at least 60% to 90% of its NAV in Shariahcompliant equities including Islamic collective investment schemes. The Fund will also invest at least 10% of its NAV in Sukuk, Islamic deposit and/or Islamic money market instruments.

The Fund will invest in local and foreign markets.

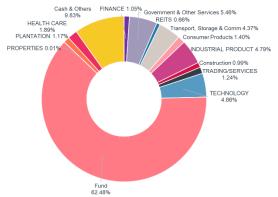
Fund Details

Unit NAV (30 November 2021)	: RM 0.5098
Fund Size (30 November 2021)	: RM 50.71 million
Fund Currency	: Ringgit Malaysia
Fund Launch	: Feb 23, 2021
Fund Inception	: March 16, 2021
Fund Management Charge	: up to 1.50% p.a
Investment Manager	: AIA Pension and Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.
Basis of Unit Valuation	: Net Asset Value (NAV)
Frequency of Unit Valuation	: Daily
Benchmark	: Target return of 6% per annum

Top Five Holding

1.	ISHARES MSCI USA ISLAMIC	17.53%
2.	ISHARES MSCI WORLD ISLAMIC	17.38%
3.	ISHARES MSCI EM ISLAMIC	15.90%
4.	TEMPLETON SHARIAH GB E-IAUSD	11.67%
5.	GII Murabahah 3.447% 15.7.2036	3.70%

Sector Allocation



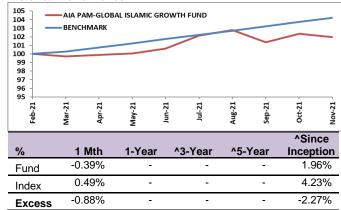
Risk

General investment risks involve market risk, fund manager risk, inflation risk and liquidity risk. Specific risks of the Fund involve credit/default risk, interest rate risk, particular security risk, country risk, currency risk and shariah status reclassification risk.

Risk Management

Investment Manager aims to reduce investment risks through structured and disciplined investment process, rigorous and disciplined credit research and analysis, portfolio diversification and strict and frequent stock evaluation to minimize company specific risk.

Historical Performance



Source: AIA Pension and Asset Management Sdn. Bhd., Bloomberg at 30 November 2021. ^ Cumulative returns. The performance is calculated on NAV-to-NAV basis.

Market Review

Government Investment Issue ("GII") rallied across the curve as sentiment turned risk-off following the emergence of the new coronavirus Omicron variant in South Africa. During the month, Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") decided to keep the Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") at 1.75% at its last Monetary Policy Committee ("MPC") meeting of the year. On the currency front, MYR weakened by 1.66% against the greenback to close the month at MYR4.2105. Foreign inflows accelerated in Oct to MYR2.9 billion (Sept 2021: +MYR0.6 billion) as foreign funds bought on the dips during the sell-off.

The FBMS ("Index") declined by 3.8% Month-on-Month ("MoM") and underperformed the MSCI Asia Ex Japan Index and MSCI World, which declined by 2.2% in Malaysian ringgit ("MYR") terms over the same period. In November 2021, foreign investors were net buyers of MYR0.1 billion of Malaysian equities. Notable news during the month included Malaysia and Singapore will reopen their mutual border after more than a year with a special Vaccinated Travel Lane (VTL) between KLIA and Changi Airport from Nov 29 and WHO said the Omicron coronavirus variant is likely to spread internationally, posing a 'very high' global risk of infection.

Global equities also closed lower as investors jostled with forecasts of earlier than anticipated Fed tightening, coupled with concerns of ramping inflation and slowing growth on reopening worries on the new Omicron Covid-19 variant. By sector, technology was the only sector recording positive returns in November, while Consumer Discretionary, Energy and Financial were the biggest laggards.

Market Outlook

Given the two-speed recovery in the developed markets and emerging markets, we expect the former to lead in terms of policy tightening. Bank Negara Malaysia's policy measures should remain accommodative in the near term and the domestic financial system liquidity remains ample, which shall remain supportive of the bond market.

As for equity, investors are currently watching the macro data closely to gauge the strength of inflationary pressure and the timing of a QE tapering. Investors will continue monitoring the Covid-19 situation following the recent resurgence in positive cases and the emergence of Omicron. That said, equities remain the preferred asset class given the expectation of bond yield resuming its upwards trend upon US Fed tapering in 2022. We prefer developed markets over emerging markets for now.

This fund fact sheet has not been reviewed by the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") and Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia ("FIMM"). The SC and FIMM are not liable for this fund fact sheet and are not in any way associated with this fund fact sheet. The SC and FIMM are not responsible for the contents herein and do not make any representation on the accuracy or completeness of this fund fact sheet, either in whole or in part. A copy of the Second Replacement Disclosure Document dated 23 February 2021 ("Disclosure Document") and the Product Highlights Sheet ("PHS") have been registered and lodged with the SC. The registration of the Disclosure Document and lodgement of the PHS to the SC do not amount to nor indicate that the SC has recommended or endorsed the Private Retirement Scheme ("PRS"). A PHS highlighting the key features and risks of the PRS is available and investors have the right to request for a PHS. Investors are advised to obtain, read and understand the Disclosure Document and the PHS before making a contribution. We suggest that you compare and consider the fees, charges and costs involved prior to making a contribution. The Disclosure Document and the PHS can be obtained from our office, our authorised distributors, consultants or representatives. Any issue of units and distributions payable, if any, may go down as well as up. The past performance of the PRS should not be taken as an indication of its future performance. Specific risks and general risks for the PRS are elaborated in the Disclosure Document. Investors are advised to understand the PR are elaborated in the Disclosure Document.